

**Section 6-2**

G5C17 (C)

What is the value in nanofarads (nF) of a 22,000 picofarad (pF) capacitor?

- A. 0.22
- B. 2.2
- C. 22
- D. 220

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G5C18 (D)

What is the value in microfarads of a 4700 nanofarad (nF) capacitor?

- A. 47
- B. 0.47
- C. 47,000
- D. 4.7

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G6A03 (B)

What is the approximate junction threshold voltage of a germanium diode?

- A. 0.1 volt
- B. 0.3 volts
- C. 0.7 volts
- D. 1.0 volts

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G6A04 (C)

Which of the following is an advantage of an electrolytic capacitor?

- A. Tight tolerance
- B. Much less leakage than any other type
- C. High capacitance for a given volume
- D. Inexpensive RF capacitor

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G6A05 (C)

What is the approximate junction threshold voltage of a conventional silicon diode?

- A. 0.1 volt
- B. 0.3 volts
- C. 0.7 volts
- D. 1.0 volts

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G6A06 (B)

Which of the following is a reason not to use wire-wound resistors in an RF circuit?

- A. The resistor's tolerance value would not be adequate for such a circuit
- B. The resistor's inductance could make circuit performance unpredictable
- C. The resistor could overheat
- D. The resistor's internal capacitance would detune the circuit

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G6A07 (A)

What are the stable operating points for a bipolar transistor used as a switch in a logic circuit?

- A. Its saturation and cutoff regions
- B. Its active region (between the cutoff and saturation regions)
- C. Its peak and valley current points
- D. Its enhancement and depletion modes

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G6A08 (D)

What is an advantage of using a ferrite core toroidal inductor?

- A. Large values of inductance may be obtained
- B. The magnetic properties of the core may be optimized for a specific range of frequencies
- C. Most of the magnetic field is contained in the core
- D. All these choices are correct

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G6A09 (B)

Which of the following describes the construction of a MOSFET?

- A. The gate is formed by a back-biased junction
- B. The gate is separated from the channel with a thin insulating layer
- C. The source is separated from the drain by a thin insulating layer
- D. The source is formed by depositing metal on silicon

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G6A11 (C)

What happens when an inductor is operated above its self-resonant frequency?

- A. Its reactance increases
- B. Harmonics are generated
- C. It becomes capacitive
- D. Catastrophic failure is likely

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G6A13 (D)

Why is the polarity of applied voltages important for polarized capacitors?

- A. Incorrect polarity can cause the capacitor to short-circuit
- B. Reverse voltages can destroy the dielectric layer of an electrolytic capacitor
- C. The capacitor could overheat and explode
- D. All these choices are correct

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G6A14 (D)

Which of the following is an advantage of ceramic capacitors as compared to other types of capacitors?

- A. Tight tolerance
- B. High stability
- C. High capacitance for given volume
- D. Comparatively low cost

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G6B01 (C)

What determines the performance of a ferrite core at different frequencies?

- A. Its conductivity
- B. Its thickness
- C. The composition, or "mix," of materials used
- D. The ratio of outer diameter to inner diameter

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G6B08 (D)

How is an LED biased when emitting light?

- A. Beyond cutoff
- B. At the Zener voltage
- C. Reverse biased

D. Forward biased

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G7A09 (C)

Which symbol in figure G7-1 represents a field effect transistor?

- A. Symbol 2
- B. Symbol 5
- C. Symbol 1
- D. Symbol 4

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G7A10 (D)

Which symbol in figure G7-1 represents a Zener diode?

- A. Symbol 4
- B. Symbol 1
- C. Symbol 11
- D. Symbol 5

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G7A11 (B)

Which symbol in figure G7-1 represents an NPN junction transistor?

- A. Symbol 1
- B. Symbol 2
- C. Symbol 7
- D. Symbol 11

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G7A12 (C)

Which symbol in Figure G7-1 represents a solid core transformer?

- A. Symbol 4
- B. Symbol 7
- C. Symbol 6
- D. Symbol 1

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G7A13 (A)

Which symbol in Figure G7-1 represents a tapped inductor?

- A. Symbol 7
- B. Symbol 11
- C. Symbol 6
- D. Symbol 1

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